

June 23, 2021

Ambassador Dagfinn Sørli,  
Chair of Council for TRIPS

Ambassador Katherine Tai,  
United States Trade Representative

Commissioner Valdis Dombrovskis  
European Commission

Re: Request of Least Developed Countries for Extension of Transition Period

Dear Ambassador Sørli, Ambassador Tai and Commissioner Dombrovskis:

I am writing to you today to express my grave concern on behalf of [Health GAP](http://HealthGAP.org), a global HIV advocacy organization working in countries across the global South to realize access to lifesaving medicines and health care services for all, with the brazen attempts to weaken and undermine the duly motivated request of Least Developed Countries (LDCs) to the TRIPS Council of the World Trade Organization (IP/C/W/668). The lack of progress on addressing the urgent request by the LDCs is nothing short of a threat to the legitimacy of the WTO.

Presently LDCs are facing the worst economic crisis seen in the past 30 years as a result of COVID-19 according to UNCTAD's LDC Report 2020, which also forecasts falling income levels, widespread employment losses and widening fiscal deficits. At least 50% of the world's extremely poor live in LDCs, and the current COVID-19 crisis is expected to push at least 32 million more people into poverty in 2020. The report informs that "at least 43 out of the 47 LDCs will likely experience a fall in their average income" and that "the current account deficit of LDCs is forecast to widen from \$41 billion (or 3.8% of their collective GDP) in 2019 to \$61 billion (or 5.6% of their GDP) in 2020, the highest value ever."<sup>1</sup>

Shockingly the 2021 Financing for Sustainable Development Report (FSDR) of the UN Inter-agency Task Force on Financing for Development has found that "COVID-19 could lead to a lost decade for development - one most pronounced in the Least Developed Countries (LDCs)."

LDCs' situation indicates an alarming crisis. At this moment LDCs need maximum policy flexibility. Even before the COVID-19 crisis LDCs faced severe constraints, such as limited availability of skilled labour, productive capacities, access to secondary education, electricity, and internet access. The basic conditions to benefit from full TRIPS implementation are mostly absent in LDCs. They also lack affordable access to knowledge-based goods crucial for sustainable development such as access to health products including for COVID-19 such as ventilators, educational materials, and green technologies.

---

<sup>1</sup><https://unctad.org/press-material/least-developed-countries-report-2020productive-capacities-new-decade>

COVID-19 has worsened the situation. Even the limited progress made towards Sustainable Development Goals are expected to be reversed. According to a UN Study “The COVID-19 pandemic not only threatens to throw LDCs back many years in achieving SDGs on poverty, hunger, health and education, but it also exacerbates inequalities, further jeopardizing the achievement of SDG5 on gender equality and women’s empowerment and SDG10 on reducing inequalities.”<sup>2</sup> It also stresses that the “financial situation in LDCs has become more challenging, with a fall in FDI and remittances, and almost half of LDCs are at high risk of, or already in, debt distress. Limited fiscal space has meant that the fiscal response to the pandemic of most LDCs has been inadequate.”

**In such a situation, how can the WTO’s TRIPS Council, and especially the US and EU continue bullying LDCs?** It is absolutely unconscionable especially given the fact that Art. 66.1 grants LDCs an automatic right to transition period following a duly motivated request by LDCs for it states the “Council for TRIPS *shall*, upon duly motivated request by a least-developed country Member, *accord* extensions of this period.”

It is appalling that more than 7 months since this duly motivated request was made, at a time of unprecedented global crisis, with the most vulnerable bearing the worst impact, that the WTO TRIPS Council has yet to grant the LDCs’ request.

Short transition periods granted in the past have proven to be inadequate. And it is clear, now more than ever, that LDCs will require the transition period to continue post-graduation as the exceptional developmental challenges LDCs are facing will continue even after graduation. We also recall that the international community, through UN resolutions 59/209 of 20 December 2004 and 67/221 of 21 December 2012, have called for the continuation of existing special and differential measures post-graduation.

**We call on the US and EU to urgently and unequivocally support the LDCs’ request and for the WTO TRIPS Council to adopt the proposed decision text in IP/C/W/668.**

Sincerely,



Asia Russell  
Executive Director, Health GAP

cc. David Bisbee  
Charge d'affairs a.i.  
U.S. Mission to the World Trade Organization

Mr. João Aguiar Machado  
Ambassador, Permanent Representative of the European Union to the WTO

---

<sup>2</sup> Comprehensive Study on the Impact of COVID-19 on the Least Developed Country Category, APRIL 2021